CITY AND COUNTY DIRECTORY.

Courts-Circuit Court. Judge-A. E. Cole.
Commonwealth's Attorney-T. A. Curran.
Clerk-B. D. Parry.
Sheriff-Perry Jefferson.
Deputies: { Chan Jefferson.
J. W. Alexander.
Jailer-Dennis Fitzgerald.
Tuesday after second Monday in January,
April, July and October in each year.

County Court. Judge-Wm. P. Coons. County Attorney-J. L. Whitaker. Clerk-W. W. Ball. Second Monday C: each month.

Quarterly Court. Tuesday after second Monday in March, June, September and December in each year. Magistrates Courts.

Maysville, No. 1.—W. H. Pollitt and J. L. Grant, first and third Tuesdays in March, June, September and December.

Maysville, No. 2.—M. F. Marsh and W. L.

Holton, first Saturday and fourth Tuesday,
same months. Dover, No. 3—A. A. Gibbon and A. F. Dobyns, first and third Wednesday, same months.

Minerva, No. 4—O. N. Weaver and J. H. Waison, first and third Tuesdays, same months.

Germantown, No. 5-S. F. Pollock and Jas. Fegan, first and third Saturdays, same months.
Sardis, No. 6–J. M. Ball and J. W. Tilton, second and fourth Saturdays, same months.
Mayslick, No. 7–C. W. Williams and J. D.
Raymond, second and fourth Fridays, same

Lewisburg, No. 8-J. M. Alexander and Abner Hord, second and fourth Thursdays, ame months.

Orangeburg, No. 9—W. D. Coryelland W. J.
Tully, first Saturday and last Monday, same months.

Washington, No. 10—John Ryan and James Smithers, fourth Tuesday and third Wednerday same months.

day, same months.

Murphysville, No. 11—Lewis Jefferson and
E. L. Gault, fourth Monday and third Thurs-

day, same months,
Fern Leaf, No. 12-8. E. Mastin and J. B.
Burgess, second and fourth Saturdays, same
months.

Constables.

Maysville, No. 1—J. P. Wallace,
Maysville, No. 2—W. L. Moran.
Dover, No. 3—W. B. McMilian.
Minerva, No. 4—James Runyon.
Germantown, No. 5—Isaac Woodward.
Sardis, No. 6—J. A. Collins.
Mayslick, No. 7—Thomas Murphy,
Lewisburg, No. 8—S. M. Strode.
Orangeburg, No. 9—Thomas Hise.
Washington, No. 10—James Gault.
Murphysville, No. 11—W. R. Prather.
Fern Leaf, No. 12—B. W. Wood. Society Meetings-Masonie.

Confidence Lodge, No. 52, first Monday o each month. Mason Lodge, No. 342, third Monday of each Maysville, Chapter, No. 9, second Monday of

each month,
Maysville Commandery, No. 10, fourth
Monday of each month. 1. 0. 0. F.

Pisgah Encampment, No. 8, second and fourth Mondays in each months at 7 o'clock. DeKaib Lodge, No. 12, Tuesday night, each week, at 7 o'clock.

Ringgold, No. 27, Wednesday night, each week, at 7 o'clock. Knights of Honor.

The first and third Tuesday of each month. Lodge room on Sutton street.

Limestone Lodge, No. 36, Friday night of Wednesday night each week, at their hall on

Second street.
Sodality B. V. M. Second and fourth Sundays in each month, at their hall on Limestone street. Father Mathew T. A. S.

First Sunday in each month, at their hall on St. Patrick's Benevolent Society. Second Sunday in each month, at their Hall on Limestone street.

Cigar Makers' Union. First Tuesday night in each month. I. O. G. T. Monday night of each week.

Mails. m. Departs at 5:45 a. m. and 12 m.

K. C. R. R., arrives at 9:30 a. m. and 8:15 p. Bonanza, down Monoay, Wednesday and Fridays at 6 p. m. Up Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 p. m.

CITY GOVERNMENT. The Board of Council meets the first Thurs-

day evening in each month. Mayor—Horace January. Conneil. President—L. Ed. Pearce.
First Ward—Fred. Bendel, A. A. Wadsworth, L. Ed. Pearce.
Second Ward—Dr. G. W. Martin, Thomas J.
Chenoweth, M. C. Hutchins.
Third Ward—Matt. Pearce, E. W. Fitzgerald
David Hechinger. David Hechinger.
Fourth Ward—Dr. J. P. Phister, B. A. Wallingford, John W. Alexander.
Fifth Ward—Wm. B. Mathews, James Hall,

Fifth Ward—Wm. B. Mathews, James Hall Edward Myall.

Treasurer and Collector—E. E. Pearce.
Clerk—Harry Taylor.

Marshal—James Redmond.
Deputies. { Robert Browning.
Wm. Dawson.
Wharfmaster—Robert Ficklin.
Wood and Coal Inspector—Peter Parker.
City Physician—Dr. J. T. Strode.
Keeper of Alms House—Mrs. S. Mills.

TIME TABLE Of the Kentucky Central Railroad

STATIONS.	10 Ex.	12 Ac.	STATIONS.	Ac.	Ex.
Lve.Maysville. "Sum'itt "Clark's. "Mars'il. "Helens. "John'n. "Eliz'ile "Ewing. "Cowan. "P.Val'y. "Meyers. "Carlisle. "Millers. Mil'bu'g	A.M. 6 00 6 14 6 20 6 27 6 38 6 47 6 58 6 58 7 04 7 14 7 12 7 87	P. M 12 40 12 53	Lve Lex'ton Lve.Cov'ton Lve.Paris " PJu'c'n " Mil'b'g " Carlisle " Meyers. " P. Val'y " Cowan. " Eliz'lle. " John'n. " Helena. " Mars'll.	6 20 6 45 7 07 7 22 7 29 7 39 7 45 7 57 8 05 8 17	P. M 5 00 2 30 5 55 6 40 6 40 6 57 7 12 7 18 7 21 7 27 7 34 7 45
P.Ju'c'n Arr. Paris Arr. Lex'ton Arr. Cov'ton	8 25 9 25 11 56 A.M.	6 15	" Clark's " Sum'itt Arr. Maysville	8 23 8 30 8 45 A.M.	7 56 8 10

Connects at Lexington with the C. &O. R. R. for Ashland, Huntington and all points in the East and Southeast with the C. N. O. &. T. P. R. R., for Chattanoga and the South, with, the L. & N. R. R, for Frankfort and

W. C. SADLER, Agent, Maysville, Ky.

TIME-TABLE Covington, Flemingsburg and Pound Gap Railroad.

Connecting with Trains on K. C. R. R. Leave FLEMINGSPURG for Johnson Station:

5:45 a. m. Cincinnati Express.
8:18 a. m. Maysville Accommodation
3:25 p. m. Lexington.
7:02 p. m. Maysville Express.
LeaveJohnson Station for Flemingsburg on the arrival of Trains on the K. C. R. R.:

Vanceburg, Rome, Concord, Manches-ter and Maysville Daily Packet,

BRUCE REDDEN; Capt,
R. L. BRUCE, Clerk.
Leves Vanceburg daily at
5 o'clock a.m. for Maysville,
Leaves Maysville 1:30 p. m.
Goes to Ripley Mondays, Wednesdays and
Friday. Connects at Manchester with stage
for West Union. For freight or passage apply
on board.

Latest frm the Scene of Davastation.

The Loss of Property Near Kansas City Greater Than at First Supposed - At Least Fifty Buildings Blown Down.

KANSAS CITY, May 14 .- A Times' special reports that the storm did considerable damage at Liberty, Mo., damaging large buildings and blowing down smaller ones. A large portion of the roof of Marshal Jewell College was torn away. Damage to a similar extent is reported from Pattonsburg, Davis county.

The latest estimates that can be given of the damage here place the loss of property at between \$250,000 and \$300,000. At least fifty buildings were blown down and two hundred more badly damaged. The list of killed and wounded can not be given yet. The killed reported are four-a citizen whose name is unknown, two employes of Cole's circus, and a boy named Silben. The circus had just arrived, and tents had not been raised.

The character of the property destroyed is chiefly dwellings and shrubbery. The path of the storm did not touch the business part of the city, and the stores destroyed were those of small retailers scattered throughout the residence portion. Kumps' brewery, Main and Fourteenth, suffered severely, and the new German Evangelical Church, costing \$85,000, is ruined, as is also the new Methodist Church on Lydia avenue. Prominen: among the houses demolished are those of

J. C. Harton, Rev. A. D. Madiera, John Hengle, Dr. Crow, A. L. Glenn, Upton Berry, D. S. Irwin, E. J. Frey, B. S. Pierson, L. Manlove. A portion of the elegant residence of Charles Dagget was carried

In several instances heavy beams striking the walls were driven almost entirely through the houses.

A reporter arrived from Wyandotte brings intelligence that the destruction in that vicinity is much greater than at first supposed. An appeal for aid was received there from Muncie, a railroad station twelve miles from Wyandotte, indicating that the disaster is widespread. The reporter drove for several miles through the country along the track of the storm and found everything within its confines swept away. He states that many farm houses are gone and several persons killed, and that the length of the cyclene must be fifteen miles.

An Expert Silver Thief.

NEW YORK, May 14 .- The police of Brooklyn are greatly troubled over the doings of an expert thief, who has come to be known among the detectives as the Silver King. To capture this criminal it is safe to say there is not a detective in Brooklyn who would not willingly give up a month's salary. He has absolutely bid defiance to the force. His habit is to enter houses in fashionable districts that are easily entered from the rear by removing a catch or skillfully cutting out a pane of glass to get at a bolt without noise. The thief usually enters from three to six houses in the same block in one night, He takes only silver-ware and he tests the metal with acids, in order to be sure that it is silver. Plated-ware he invariably rejects after testing. The Tenth and Fourth Precincts are the favorite hunting-ground of the silver thief, but he has taken much as \$500 worth of silver from the houses of wealthy people on Columbia Heights. On Thursday entered the basements, from the rear, of six houses on Adelphi street and Clermont avenue. From the house of Charles Van Nostrand, No. 835 Adelphi street, he took a number of silver napkin rings; from the house of Mark M. Mayer, No. 353 Adelphi street, silver spoons and napkin rings; from the house of William M. Stebbins, No. 387 Adelphi street, napkin rings worth \$10; from the house of Aurey Snediker, clerk of the City Court, No. 352 Clermont avenue, silver spoons and forks valued at \$20; from the house of Andrew W. Black, No. 356 Clermont avenue, \$5 in money and a number of silver napkin rings. All the detectives are out looking for the thief.

THE THOMPSON TRIAL.

The Testimony all in and the Lawyers Will Entertain the Crawd. HARRODSBURG, KY., May 14 .- This fore-

noon the prosecution continued its attack on Miss Buckner's character. Mr. J. A. Tomlinson, uncle of Miss Buckner's late husband, testified that her reputation for truth, veracity and morals is bad. He would not believe her under oath.

Dr. J. O. Dedman said he had heard people say they would not believe Miss Buckner under oath. Mr. J. A. Tomlinson is a brother to Mrs. Secretary of War Belknap. William L. Walter swore that he would not believe her under oath. The defense proved that Mrs. Thompson's telegram to her daughter, November 28, was filed at Cincinnati at 8:40 and received here at 4:21.

This rebuts Mrs. Fisher's testimony, that at 5 p. m. Davis told her in Cincinnati he and Mrs. Thompson were going to send a telegram to Mrs. Thompson's daughter.

J. E. Schuyler, of the Gibson House, Cincinnati, was called by the defense to testify to the reputation of Miss Buckner in Cincinnati. He testified it was good in Cincinnati. He had never heard her character discussed

at all in Cincinnati. Thomas Cardwell, Postmaster, testified that opinion was about equally divided as to Miss Buckner's guilt in the Tomlinson

scandal at Louisville. The testimony closed at 11 a. m., and counsel consulted as to the instructions. The argument will commence this afternoon. Voorhees will make the opening argument for the defense and Joe Blackburn will close. The prosecution will probably have

The Work of the Tornado. News from Over the Sea.

Brady Takes His Final Leap with Composure.

He Is the Recipient of Floral Offerings - Death of a Priest Author --Naughty Afghanistans.

Dublin, May 14.-Joe Brady was executed to-day for the murder of Lord Cavendish and Under Secretary Burke. There was no disturbance.

There was a vast concourse gathered outside the prison yard in which Brady was executed this morning. A strong force of cavalry, infantry and police was present to preserve order. No attempt at a disturbance was made, however.

The morning opered beautifully, but there were showers at about the time the execution took place. Brady rose at 6 o'clock. At 6:35 Canon Kennedy, of St. James' Church, and Father O'Reilly administered sacrament to the condemned man. The three remained praying until the arrival of the hangman. Brady submitted quietly while his arms were being pinioned, and walked slowly and unflinchingly to the scaffold.

The black flag, indicating that the execution had taken place, was hoisted over the prison at three minutes past 8.

Almost immediately after the flag was raised, a hearse and coach with mourners were seen at a distance coming in the direction of the prison. The police, however, interfered, and prevented the vehicles from approaching. There had been reports circulating that after the hanging of Brady his friends would endeavor to excite the people to a demonstration by parading an empty hearse through the city.

Brady was visited by his mother last evening. She was heard to exclaim; " Mind, Joe, no statement." Brady smiled and replied: "Don't be foolish, do you think I am a fool?"

It is stated the mother threatened to disown her son if he gave the Government any information. A wreath of flowers was received by Brady, to which was attached a card bearing an expression of grief a his fate, from Irishmen living in Liver-

Brady made no statement to the jail chaplain or to the Governor of the prison. One of the last things he did was to write letter to his mother. He carried a prayer book in his hand to the scaffold, and was thoroughly resigned and firm. His body fell nine feet and his death was instantaneous. Brady was dressed in the same clothes he wore during his trial. The number of persons in the crowd outside the jail, it is estimated, reached 10,000.

The throng is said to have been even greater than any of those which collected when executions were public. At the moment the black flag was seen over the jail, a cry was raised of "hats off," and every hat was uncovered.

The crowd shortly afterwards dispersed quietly. The verdict of the Coroner's jury was

that Brady's death was caused by a rupture of the spinal cord. A juryman stated that the features of the dead man were slightly swollen and his eyes protruded. His tongue was half cut in two between his

DUBLIN, May 14 .- Nearly all the tradesmen in Dublin have received a circular which is termed "An Analysis of the Special Juries on the Eighteen Trials under the Crime Act." Inclosed with the circular was a slip containing the words: "Woe to you if you have any of the goods of these jurors, for you and likewise they will have the blood and suffering of innocent people on your heads." The slip is signed "By Hook or by Crook." A sensation has been caused by this latest movement on the part of the friends of the Irish prisoners.

DUBLIN, May 14 .- The agitation at Limerick continues. Two members of Parliament, Messrs. O'Brien and Harrington, yesterday addressed a large but quiet meeting of the National party.

Berlin, May 14 .- M. Waddington, who will represent the French Government at the coronation of the Czar, and who is about to depart for Russia, had to-day an extended audience with Prince Bismarck. Municu, May 14.—Geistlach Rath Deisberger, priest and dramatic author, has just died at Oberammergau, in the eightyfifth year of his age. In 1845, after hav-ing written many historical plays and Biblical dramas while a Benedictine monk in the monastery at Ettal, he became greatly interested in the passion plays. His Biblical drama of the founding of the monastery of Ettal embodied the romantic and miraculous circumstances accompanying its building by the German Emperor Ludwig

These works attracted the attention of the King, Ludwig I., at a time when the Passion Play was much criticised and the form of its presentation as it had originally been given centuries before, was to many offensive. The King ordered Father Deisberger, who, in 1845, was spiritual director of the village, to rewrite the whole play and bring it more into the condition modern sense would receive as reverent and re-

This he did successfully, and the place now represented is his. Its language is simple, and he has since devoted himself to the dramatic education of his people.

Sr. Petersburg, May 14.—A violent explosion occurred to-day in the streets of Moscow, but caused little alarm except momentarily, as the police say it was not caused by a bomb, but the accidental explosion of a railway signal torpedo.

been displayed on pikes at the gates on

Basutoland.

CAPE Town, Map 14 .- During the time the cable lines between here and England have been interrupted there has been a general rising in Basutoland. Advices from there of the 10th inst. reported that there was fighting on all sides. Reports of the 12th, however stated that quiet had been fairly restored.

THE MATCH MONOPOLY.

It Defles All Opposition and There

Will Be No Reduction. CLEVELAND, O., May 14 .- The Diamond match monopoly absorbed two small match manufactories during April, and now own and control all the leading match factories in this country. The company has secured patents in all improved match making machinery used in its works, and has made binding contracts with its best employes for many years' service. The company has purchased all the timber lands of Michigan in the market, and own many hundred ocres. They are in fine condition to carry on the match business without opposition, notwithstanding the fact that the new factories would naturally be started after the abolition of the tax on matches. A special from Washington, received Saturday, said: The match manufacturers intimates, it is said, that there will be no reduction in the cost of matches to consumers, even though the stamp tax has been abolished. That they will be able to maintain the prices of the past is not believed here for under the commissions allowed by the Government on large sales of stamps, those match manufacturers who held a monopoly of the trade were enabled to sell their matches at the cost of manufacture, or even below that figure, and still make money from the commission allowed them on stamps. Now that the stamp tax has been abolished competition can not be prevented, and the monopoly will not be able to control the trade. It is significant, as showing the desire of the heavy manufacturers for a continuation of the tax, that they persistently opposed all efforts to

However, as will be seen by the facts given in the first part of this dispatch, the statementsmade in the Washington telegram as regards competition in the match business are all wrong. The Diamond Match Company has worked its cards well, and will continue for many years to be one of the greatest monopolies of the age, as new manufactories can not be started in oppo-sition to them and be successfully main-

ARRIVAL OF AN EX-SUSPECT

An Unwarranted Imprisonment of Fourteen Months.

NEW YORK, May 14 .- Daniel McSweeney an American citizen, who was confined for fourteen months in Dundalk Jail, in Ireland, upon the charge of inciting to riot, arrived here Saturday in the steam-ship State of Pennsylvania, of the State Line. Mr. McSweeney is a stout-built man of medium height, with gray hair and a determined expression of countenance. He appears to be about forty-five years of age. He was found yes-terday afternoon at the office of the Irish World. Mr. McSweeney said he had been an American citizen for twenty-five years. He was in business as a merchant in San Francisco, but his health being poor his doctor advised a sea voyage. Mr. Mc-Sweeney went to Ireland, where he recovered his health in a few months. He returned to this country, but being again troubled with ill-health be went to Ireland with his family of twelve children, all of whom were born in this country. In order not to remain idle be took charge of a freehold property at Carrow Cannon House, County Donegal. At the time of the land agitation, in the spring of 1881. he took occasion to denounce the British Government in strong terms. Although no outrages had been committed in that district Mr. McSweeney was arrested June 2. 1881, on the charge of inciting to riot, and was taken to Dundalk Jail, where he remained for fourteen months and ten days. He states, that during his imprisonment he was offered release three times if he would agree to leave the country. Minister Lowell sent word to him that he would be provided with ample funds to enable him to come back to America. But he absolutely refused to leave the prison unless he was given unconditional liberty. On Aug. 10 last, when the Coercion act was about to expire, Mr. McSweeny was set at

THE FIRST VERDICT.

The Nebraska Liquor Law Vindicated in Damages. ONAHA, NEB., May 14.—Last winter

farmer named Bengtson, living in Burt county, took to drinking heavily, and one night, while intoxicated, wandered off into a cornseld and was frozen to death. Shortly after Caroline Bengston, his widow, began a suit against three liquor dealers, of whom Bengston had bought whisky, suing them jointly, under the provisions of the Slocum or highlicense law. The jury returned a verdict in favor of Mrs. Bengtson, giving her judgment for \$2,400, collectable against any one or all of the defendants. The case was contested very strongly, as it was the first one of the kind tried under the new law, and the liquor men were anxious to defeat it and make a test case in their

She Didn't Flirt With Conductors. NEW YORK, May 14 .- Miss Annie Mc-Govern, an attractive young woman of 20, brought suit in the City Court of Brooklyn to recover \$5,000 for slander from John and Lena Bogenschutz. The defendants plosion of a railway signal torpedo.

M. Abassa has been chosen to succeed M. Fereat, who has resigned his position of Ways and as Minister Communications.

Moscow, May 14.—Several persons were dangerously injured by the street explosion here, and some of them will probably die from their injuries.

Afghanistan.

London, May 14.—The heads of 150 Shenwarris, who were killed in battle, have

NEW YORK OPIUM DENS.

Four Celestials Bound Over-What a Reputable Chinaman Says of the

NEW YORK, May 14 .- The four Chinamen who were arrested on Friday night at No. 17 Mott street by Officer Edward Galligan of the Fourth Precinct, were arraigned in the Tombs Court Saturday. The policeman made affidavits against them, charging them with smoking opium. The Mongolians described themselves as Jun Bin, aged thirty years; Sam Lung, twenty-six years old; Ab Hyck, twenty-five years of age, and Ah Joe, aged thirty-eight. The two first men named waived examination, but a lawyer who appeared for the other two demanded a hearing, and sought to disprove the allegation, claiming that Hyck, who is a laun-dryman in Brooklyn, went to No. 17 Mott street, where the arrests were made, for the purpose of hiring a workman for his place, and that Joe, who is suffering from a tumor on his neck, was lying sick when taken in custody. Justice Smith concluded that there was probable cause to believe the men guilty, and committed them for trial, each in default of \$300 bail. Their trials will be had in the Special Sessions Court next week.

A respectable Celestial has made the following statement in regard to these moral

pest houses: "I know one house on Park street has been very bad. I worked in a factory near by kept by a Chinaman, and some of the other Chinamen working there lived in the house. I have heard them talk often of meeting little girls of twelve and thirteen years there. They would be talking and boasting of it. In nearly all houses in Park, Pell, Mott, Bayard and other streets where Chinamen live with white women these practices of opium smoking and immorality are carried on. I know myself that in one big flat building on Mott street there are a number of the apartments occupied by Chinamen and young white girls." Still another one named Mercury says he had met little girls in one place ranging from the ages of twelve to eighteen, but mostly around fourteen and fifteen years, There is one place that nothing has been said about yet." he remarked. "It is on Pell street. It is a private house. It is kept by a Chinaman and his American wife. In the base-

don't take any girls from around near, but get them uptown." Investigation apparently develops the fact that the extent of the opium smoking evil, as at first reported, has not been overestimated.

ment there is an opium joint and a gamb-

ling room. The first floor is occupied by

themselves, and the second and third floors

are occupied by little girls. There are

about eight or ten girls kept there. They

TOO FOND OF FINERY.

Husband Escorts His Wife, Couvicted of "False Pretenses," to

NEW YORK, May 14,-Mrs. Anna R Verdalle, a prepossessing, sprightly little soman, attired with excellent taste, was placed on trial in the Court of General Sestions Saturday on an indictment charging ser with obtaining goods by false prepric-a-brac, occupied a seat beside her during the proceedings. During the summer of 1882 Verdalle made several purchases for cash from Louis A. Lanthier, dealer in works of art at No. 6 Astor-place, and incidentally mentioned that his wife was wealthy. Mrs. Verdalle subsequently visited the place, and on the strength of her representation that she was the owner of the premises No. 758 Broadway, and received the rents therefor, obtained from Lanthier several sets of silverware, a gold snuff-box, and an elder down robe, valued in all at \$810, giving a note at two months in payment. Mrs. Verdalle, as alleged, immediately pawned the goods, and investigation showed that she was not the owner of the premises No. 758 Broadway, whereupon she was ar-rested and held for trial. It was discovered that the interest in the premises mentioned had been left to her as long as she remained a widow by her former husband, Solomon Kohnstamm, but that she had forfeited her right and title thereto on marrying Verdalle. She pawned the snuff-box, the selling price of which was \$125, at Simpson's under the name of Brown, and sold the ticket to a real estate dealer on West Thirtieth street. The snuff-bex subsequently came into the possession of a Broadway jeweler, from whom it was purchased by Jay Gould's private secretary. The property was all recovered. The defendant, in her own behalf, denied that she had made any false representations in relation to the Broadway property. She did possess at that time, she said, an interest n a house on Amity street, and Lanthier must have misunderstood her. The jury, after considerable deliberation, found her guilty, and Judge Cowing remanded her for sentence. When, after the verdict had been pronounced, Court Captain Lindsay stepped forward to take Mrs. Verdalle to the Tombs, the husband waved him off and said loftily, "No person shall come between my wife and me." He then gallantly offered her his arm, which she took, and both walked to the Tombs: followed by the court officers and an admiring crowd of

A Girl's Brave Struggle With a Thief. New York, May 14 .- As Susan Meyer, a servant girl employed by Herman Kling, at 455 Grove street, Jersey City, was cleaning up the front room over the store, she heard a noise, and upon searching to ascertain the cause, she found a man concealed in the closet. Susan did not faint, but boldly seized the fellow and dragged him out. As she did so she saw Mr. Kling's bank book in his hand, and knowing that Mr. Kling had but a short time before placed \$350 in bills in the book to send to the bank, she made a grab for it. As she did so the thief attempted to strike her, but Susan dedged the blow and wrested the book from him, when he fled. Mr. Kling was so much gratified to find that Susan had saved his money that he failed to notify the police until it was too late to make any effort to capture the fellyw.

DRIVE-WELL PATENTS.

Injunctions Denied by Justice Har lan, but Their Validity Not Passed

INDIANAPOLIS, May 14 .- In the Unites States Circuit Court, Saturday, Justice Harlan denied the several motions for proliminary injunctions in the Green Drive-Well cases. There being no question of accounting for profits, and as the only recovery could be for royalty or license fee of \$10 in each case, as fixed by the putentee, and there being no intimation of any lack of responsibility on the part of the defendants, an injunction would not help the plaintiff, and would only cripple the defendants in prohibiting the use of the wells, and such a result the law did not contemplate. As to the previous decision of the District Court sustaining the patents, he said that would have to stand as the decision in this district, inasmuch as it had been affirmed by an evenly divided supreme beach, and until another case was sent to the supreme court, and it should otherwise hold; such a case, he added, was already up in the New Jersey district. The well itself is of course, a simple affair. The bottom of the driving rod is solid and pointed, and for a foot or so directly above the point the tube is perforated with holes, and the those generally covered with wire nelting, to keep sand from sifting in. The actual expense of such a well is slight. Of course it is not feasible in a rocky country, nor can it be used in all soils, although nearly every obstacle in the way of clay or quicksand has been overcome. The device is so simple that the use of these wells apreads like wild-fire, and for years these suits for royalty under the patent have afforded employment to a small army of lawyers.

THE FINANCIAL OUTLOOK. Jay Gould's Opinion from all He

Knows. NEW YORK, May 14 .- Jay Gould has returned from his Western trip. In answer to the question regarding the financial outlook he replied: "It will depend upon the crops. I never saw better indications. Out West the crops promise to be abundant. In that case the year will not only be prosperous, but times will become even better than they are now. A large portion of the corn crop of last year is still in the country, and will be shipped just as soon as the farmers get through with their spring sowing. It is estimated that at least forty per cent. of last year's corn crop is still on hand. Europe wants all our surplus. The crop outlook there is not very good, according to, my private information.

Base Ball. COLUMBUS, May 14 .- The Cincinnati

eam, on Sunday, defeated the Columbus

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

Pirrisung, Pa., May 14 .- River 4 feet and 3 CINCINNATI, May 14 .- River 12 feet 10 inches and Lausville, May 14.—River falling with 6 feet 11 inches in canal, 4 feet b inches on falls.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Cinclamati, May 14-1 p.m.—Apples firm; thouse to fancy \$1.00a4 20 per bri, and extra aney fruit-house at \$5.50; good to pr me soid at \$5.50a4 25 per bri, transpos—Steary and demand fairt valencias, \$6.00 per case, Messmas, \$5.00a 50 per box; Jaman, \$6.00a per case, Messmas, \$5.00a 50 per box; Jaman, \$6.00a per case, Messmas, \$5.00a 50 per box. Molasses—The market continues firm; common to fair New Orlestes, \$5.00a\$; good to prime, 48.050a; choice, \$6.00a, \$6.00a; maple, \$5.00a\$; per galton, as to perkage. Potatoes—Just and steady for old. Quotations from store Michigan rose, 75.0850a per bit. Northern Burbanks, 190,450c; Michigan peachblows, 706,750. Poultry—Strong and in good demand: Prime to choice mixed with roosters, %611e per lb, strictly shower 12.013c per lb, springers, 100,030. per lb, or \$5.004 per doz; live turkeys, 115,0012 ac per lb, incks, \$1.50a4 50 per doz; gerse, \$2.005.50 for good to choice. Sugar—Eastern goods remain steady: Eastern yellow refined, 70a7, extra, \$6.150a8 per to, Milliced—Market quer for bran, which sells at \$146314.50; shipaium steady at \$146314.50; middlings quiet at \$16635 per ton for bulk on track, Ois—Petroicoum quiet and easy. Rates in a wholesale way are made as follows: 110 deg fire test, 85.00, Oho, Indiana and Kentucky stundards, 95.00, on 150 dey breadlight. Cincinnati, May 14 1 p. m. - Apples firm;

Live Stock Market.